KEY EVENTS IN BRITISH HISTORY 1500-1750

Below are some key events in the history of Britain between 1500-1750.

1688 The Glorious Revolution

1536-40 Monasteries in England and Wales closed down

1665 The Great Plague

1605 The Gunpowder Plot

1603 James VI of Scotland becomes King of England

1534 Henry VIII replaces the Pope as head of the Church in England

1587 Mary Queen of Scots executed

1649 Charles I executed

1588 Spanish Armada defeated

1666 The Great Fire of London

1745 The Jacobite Rebellion is defeated at Culloden

1707 Act of Union unites England and Scotland

1543 Wales and England united

1660 The Stuart monarchy restored

1642-6 The first phase of the Civil War

During this period England was ruled by Henry VII until 1509. Henry VIII until 1547, Edward VI until 1553, Mary until 1558 and Elizabeth I until 1603. These monarchs were known as the Tudors. After the Tudors England was ruled by the Stuarts starting with James I in 1603 and Charles I in 1625. Between 1649 and 1660 England did not have a monarch, this period is known as the Interregnum or Republic. In 1660 the Stuarts returned to the throne with Charles II, followed by James II in 1685, William and Mary in 1688 and Anne in 1702. Anne was the last Stuart monarch. In 1714 George I became king and in 1727 was succeeded by George II. They were members of the House of Hanover and were known as Hanoverians.

Show all of the information above in the form of a timeline. When drawing your timeline use a scale of 2.5cm for every 25 years, starting at 1500 and ending at 1750.

**Pay particular attention to how you present this piece of work**

**Stick the completed timeline into your exercise book.**