

## **THE POLISH QUESTION**

### **AGREEMENT REACHED**

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#### **CURZON LINE FRONTIER**

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London, February 13.

"We came to the Crimea Conference resolved to settle our differences about Poland," states the official communique. The agreement reached is as follows:

A new situation has been created in Poland as a result of her complete liberation by the Red Army. This calls for the establishment of a Polish provisional Government which can be more broadly based than was possible before the recent liberation of western Poland. The provisional government which is now functioning in Poland should therefore be reorganised on a broader democratic basis, with inclusions of democratic leaders from Poland itself and Poles abroad. This new government should then be called the Polish Provisional Government of National Unity.

This Polish Provisional Government of National Unity shall be pledged to holding free, unfettered elections as soon as possible, on the basis of universal suffrage and secret ballot.

When the Polish Provisional Government of National Unity has been properly formed in conformity with the above, the Government of the U.S.S.R., and the Governments of the United Kingdom and the U.S.A. will establish diplomatic relations with the new Pro-

visional Government of National Unity and will exchange ambassadors.

The heads of the three Governments consider that the eastern frontier of Poland should follow the Curzon Line, with digression from it in some regions of five to eight kilometres in favour of Poland. They recognise that Poland must receive substantial accessions of territory in the north and west. They feel that the opinion of the new Provisional Government of National Unity

... feel that the opinion of the new Provisional Government of National Unity should be sought in due course on the extent of these accessions and that final delineations of the western frontier of Poland should thereafter await the peace conference."