Conferences of the Grand Alliance: Tehran, Yalta, Potsdam

Chapter 1 US, British and USSR relations in 1945

Complete the table below, summarising the key points of the Potsdam Conference.

Potsdam Conference 17 July-1 Aug 1945		
Context conference:		
Agreements/Success	Disagreements/Failures	
Success Rating - Colour in the thermometer and expla	ain why you gave it that rating.	

Explain the relationship between the two leaders in 3 bullet points.

Stalin	Truman	Atlee
	(Alton and Alton	

Long Telegram, Iron Curtain and Soviet Control over Eastern Europe.

Chapter 2 - Developing tensions up to 1948

TASK 1: The following statements are in regards to the objectives of Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin. You need to decide which statement refers to which person by giving a tick in the correct box.

Objective	Roosevelt and Churchill	Stalin
Collective security founded on the United Nations (UN)		
The right to national self-determination and no spheres of influence.		
To be in control of its own destiny		
Security guaranteed through spheres of influence in Europe		
Germany to remain weak for the indefinite future		
World economic reconstruction through the creation of the IMF and the World Bank		

TASK 2: Recap: colour code these statements to show whether they relate to Yalta or Potsdam.

Germany was to be completely disarmed and demilitarised	Berlin would be similarly divided into 4 zones.	The United Nations Organisation would be formally ratified
The USSR would gain land from Poland, and Poland would be expanded to the north and the west	Decentralisation of the political system was to be undertaken and local responsibility developed	Freedom of speech and a free press were to be restored, as was religious tolerance
Germany was to become a single economic unit with common policies on industry and finance.	Germany would be divided into four zones, each administered by an allied power. These were to be the USA, the USSR, the UK and France.	The USSR was to receive reparations from its own zone and an additional 25 per cent from the Western Zones.
Declaration on liberated Europe should be created.	De-Nazification was to be carried out. War crimes would be judged and all former Nazi Party members were to be removed public office. The education system was to be purged of all Nazi influences.	

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Chapter 2 - Developing tensions up to 1948

Task 3 - Read the pages 14 and complete the table for each European country the USSR took over.



Poland

Politics	Acts of Violence	Success / opposition

Romania, Bulgaria and Hungary



Politics	Acts of Violence	Success / opposition

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Czechoslovakia 🗬

Politics	Acts of Violence	Success / opposition

Yugoslavia



Politics	Acts of Violence	Success / opposition